207. A scheme for improving the water supply distribution at a cost of Rs. 12,10,000 was under the consideration of Government.

208. Eight dispensaries in the several Mohallas of the City, the T. B. Dispensary in Mandi Mohalla and the Municipal Indigenous Hospital in K. R. Mohalla continued to work during the year. The Seth Mohandas Tulsidas Municipal Hospital for Women in Chamundipuram, which was put into service from 9th July 1949 also worked during the year, besides the Sacred Hearts' Dispensary in Mysore South and the Holdsworth Memorial Hospital in Ediga.

209. Six hundred tons of compost were manufactured during the year. An area of 8 acres in the Sewage Farm was brought under vegetable cultivation during the year. Both indigenous and exotic types of vegetables were grown and sold to the public in the Farm and in the Devaraja Market in a special stall erected for the purpose.

Mysore City Improvement Trust Board.

210. The Trust Board consisting of nine members including the Chairman Sri P. Gopalakrishna Setty, continued to work during the year.

211. Nine ordinary and seven adjourned meetings of the Board were held.

212. The total income of the Board during the year from all sources including those under suspense heads, N.R.B. and Palace Building Funds, extensions and advances amounted to Rs. 17,43,382. The expenditure under all heads amounted to Rs. 11,79,985. The total number of underground free sewer connections given during the year was 161 (254) and the total number of extra house connections given was 43 (70).

213. The realisations from the sale of sites amounted to Rs. 80,353. The demand for sites for the construction of houses by the poor and the middle class people was very great. To meet the demand, new extensions were formed in the City.

214. Action was being taken to expedite the formation of the Industrial Suburb near Mysore South. An estimate for Rs. 1,12,900 was sanctioned for the formation of a layout of bamboo bazaar providing 50 sites in Mysore

PROTECTION

South for shifting the bamboo bazaar from its existing place.

215. Six hundred and sixty-four sites were available at the beginning of the year, and 31 were formed during the year. Thirteen sites were resumed during the period. Of these, 29 sites were sold or allotted, leaving 679 sites at the close of the year.

216. Regarding underground drainage works for the old City, an estimate of Rs. 8,81,660 has been sanctioned. Government have agreed to bear half of this amount in four annual instalments as outlay is incurred.

217. With a view to give immediate relief to the houseless people and on account of the difficulty experienced by the public to get building materials especially controlled articles in the local market, at reasonable rates, a few model houses at a cheap cost ranging from Rs. 3,200 to Rs. 6,500 were constructed as an experimental measure behind the Silk Factory and disposed of either by sale or allotment. Out of 4 sets of model houses proposed to be constructed in Ittigegud which are now taken on hand, two sets of 12 houses each have been completed and the construction of third set of 12 houses has commenced.

Kolar Gold Field Sanitary Board.

218. The Kolar Gold Field Sanitary Board which was reconstituted for a period of three years from 1st December 1947 continued to function during the year. There were twenty-two members on the Board. Six ordinary meetings and two special meetings were held and the average attendance was 15.

inance.

219. The total receipts inclusive of the opening balance and the total expenditure of the Board were Rs. 3,59,217 and Rs. 2,55,777 respectively The receipts under the house and shop taxes were Rs. 15,819, the total realization under octroi duty being Rs. 1,01,061 and income under "Markets" Rs. 43,996.

220. Out of a total demand of Rs. 3,61,064 under cesses and taxes, a sum of Rs. 2,96,495 was collected leaving a balance of Rs. 64,569 under the heads "Mohatarfa". "Vehicle tax" Ground rent on Cooly Colony, etc.